

Let's get non-technical: An economist's take on the past, the present, and the future of the industry

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Agenda

- » The market
 - > The petroleum industry
 - > Supply and demand
 - > Prices and price elasticity of demand
 - > Energy consumption and economic growth
- » Market control and participants
 - > OPEC
 - > National Oil Companies
 - > Fiscal regimes
- » Producers and consumers
 - > Distribution of production and consumption
 - > Outlook to 2040



The size of the market





Oil and gas market share





Oil and gas market share





Oil and gas market share





Oil consumption in the US





Oil consumption in the UK





UK oil production & consumption





Gas consumption in the UK





Oil production by region





Size of the industry

Value of petroleum production and trade in 2012					
Crude oil production	86.15	million barrels per day			
Price of oil	111.67	\$ per barrel			
Global production value per day	9.62	billion \$			
Global production value per year	3.51	trillion \$			
Natural gas production	324.6	bcf per day			
Price of natural gas	10	\$/tcf			
Global production value per day	3.25	billion \$			
Global production value per year	1.18	trillion \$			
Crude oil trade	55.31	million barrels per day			
Price of oil	111.67	\$ per barrel			
Total value traded per day	6.18	billion \$			
Total value traded per year	2.25	trillion \$			
LNG trade	327.9	bcm			
Price of natural gas	10	\$/tcf			
Total value traded per year	115.80	\$ bn			



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- » Time: If we count backwards,
 > 3.51 million seconds = 41 days ago
 > 3.51 billion seconds = 111 years ago
 > 3.51 trillion seconds = 110,000 B.C.



Size of the industry – history





Oil prices





Price dynamics – supply and demand

- » The parrot problem
- » Supply the amount that a producer would make available to the market at different prices
- » Demand the amount that a consumer would require from the market at different prices
- » Both are functions of price
- » Shift along the curve vs. shift of the curve



Country	Population	Energy Consumption
Country	(in millions)	(toe per capita)
United States	311.59	7.03
Saudi Arabia	27.76	6.74
Norway	4.95	5.68
Russian Federation	142.96	5.11
Netherlands	16.69	4.64
France	65.37	3.87
Germany	81.80	3.81
Japan	127.82	3.61
United Kingdom	62.75	3.00
Italy	60.72	2.76
Venezuela, RB	29.50	2.38
Portugal	10.56	2.19
China	1344.13	2.03
Mexico	119.36	1.56
Nigeria	164.19	0.72
India	1221.16	0.61
Bangladesh	152.86	0.20
Eritrea	5.93	0.13



Country	Population	Energy Consumption	Real GDP per capita
Country	(in millions)	(toe per capita)	(\$2005)
United States	311.59	7.03	44439.41
Saudi Arabia	27.76	6.74	26505.78
Norway	4.95	5.68	46733.36
Russian Federation	142.96	5.11	14731.03
Netherlands	16.69	4.64	37063.46
France	65.37	3.87	29963.22
Germany	81.80	3.81	34619.99
Japan	127.82	3.61	30764.24
United Kingdom	62.75	3.00	32877.54
Italy	60.72	2.76	27080.65
Venezuela, RB	29.50	2.38	11173.01
Portugal	10.56	2.19	21670.98
China	1344.13	2.03	7417.89
Mexico	119.36	1.56	12747.31
Nigeria	164.19	0.72	2254.13
India	1221.16	0.61	3277.01
Bangladesh	152.86	0.20	1544.80
Eritrea	5.93	0.13	471.26











Market control

- » Standard Oil
- » Red Line Agreement
- » Achnacarry
- » OPEC



Standard Oil





OPEC

- » Objectives:
 - > Restore price
 - > Consultation on pricing issues
 - > Mechanism for production control
 - > Solidarity
- » Founding members: Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Iran, Venezuela



OPEC oil embargo of 1973/74

- » In 1973, price of oil per barrel was about \$17 (in 2012\$).
- » By 1974, a barrel was \$52
- » Indirect implications for domestic and global economies



Security of supply

» Oil crisis of 1973/74 led to uncertainty about supply

- » IEA formed by members of OECD in 1974
 > Members required to maintain stocks as protection against disruptions
- » US SPR ≈ 664 million barrels as of 6 May 2018
 - > 258.9 million barrels of sweet and 405.4 million barrels of sour
 - > An investment of approximately \$46.5 billion



Security of supply





Economic incentives and behaviour

- » Price elasticity of demand
 - > Sensitivity/responsiveness of demand to a change in price

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\% \Delta Q}{\% \Delta P}$$

> $|\varepsilon| > 1 \rightarrow$ elastic demand > $|\varepsilon| < 1 \rightarrow$ inelastic demand > $|\varepsilon| = 1 \rightarrow$ unit elastic demand



Price elasticity of demand and revenue

- » If demand is price *inelastic*, an increase in price leads to an increase in revenue
- » If demand is price *elastic,* a fall in price leads to an increase in revenue



National interest

- » Formation of National
 Oil Companies
 (NOCs)
- » World Bank: In 2010, NOCs accounted for 75% of global oil production and 90% of proven reserves

Year	Country	Company
1914	United Kingdom	BP
1922	Argentina	YPF
1924	France	CFP
1926	Italy	Agip
1938	Mexico	Pemex
1951	Iran	NIOC
1953	Brazil	Petrobras
1956	India	ONGC
1960	Kuwait	KNPC
1962	Saudi Arabia	Petromin
1965	Algeria	Sonatrach
1967	Iraq	INOC
1970	Libya	LNOC
1971	Indonesia	Pertamina
1971	Nigeria	NNOC
1972	Norway	Statoil
1974	Qatar	QGPC
1974	Malaysia	Petronas
1975	Venezuela, RB	PDVSA
1975	Vietnam	Petrovietnam
1975	Canada	Petro-Canada
1975	United Kingdom	BNOC
1976	Angola	Sonangol
2002	Equatorial Guinea	GEPetrol
2006	Chad	SHT



Fiscal regimes

- » Who owns the reserves?
 - > Royalty/tax systems
 - > Contractual systems
 - PSA/PSC
 - Service agreements



Production sharing agreements





Production sharing agreements





Production sharing agreements





Fiscal regimes

- » No equity participation, no reserves on books
- » Services include:
 - > Seismic
 - > Exploration and appraisal drilling
 - > Wellhead services
 - > Rig construction
 - > Field development
- » Fee based on activity
- » Also risk service agreements





















Outlook to 2040: the role of transport

Outlook to 2040: the role of transport

Outlook to 2040: power generation

Source: BP Energy Outlook 2018

Outlook to 2040: consumption by fuel

Outlook to 2040: supply of liquid fuels

