







# Jade south: extending the reach of the field

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# Outline

VORLICH KESSOG Jade Field Overview 1 **Jade Platform** STELLA **Opportunity Characterisation** 2 SoitaH<sup>E</sup> Well Planning & Execution 3 HARRIER Results 4 Conclusion 5 ROMEO APPLETON



### **Jade Field Summary**

- Top Joanne Pressure = 12,150 psi (838bar)
- Top Joanne Temperature = 330 ºF (166ºC)
- Gas Condensate
  - CGR = 192-66 bbl/mmscf
  - Dew point = 6100-8300psia
- Joanne Sandstone
  - GIIP 1.3 TCF
  - Column > 3000 ft
- Judy Sandstone
  - GIIP 250 BCF
  - Column > 1500 ft







### Jade Field History



Jade South

Extreme Reach Well

30/2c-J13

Fz

## Jade South | Material Near Field Opportunity

- Joanne sandstone structural closure across saddle from field but up dip of HDT proven by closest offset, J12z
- Accumulation of material hydrocarbon column reliant on top down charge through the Jade Field and effective fault juxtaposition seal to the south of the structure



### Key Pre-Drill Subsurface Uncertainty | Column Height

- Independent trapping mechanism relative to Jade Field, some uncertainty on effectiveness of side seal
- Concern faults in saddle could act as an partial barrier to hydrocarbon migration into Jade South structure



### **Well Planning**

#### **Challenges**

- High Pressure 16.8ppg overlying 14.6ppg joanne ٠
- High Temperature 385°F at TD •
- Longest step out HPHT well in the UKCS 4.6km
- Potential for high H<sub>2</sub>S relative to field average •

#### **Well Design**

- K&M extended reach specialists involved in planning and execution
- Long 12-1/4" section •
- MPD to manage tight MW window through secondaries
- 7-5/8" liner to isolate HP secondaries, as required
- 5-7/8" heavy duty drill string •
- Higher spec. 26ppf S13Cr95 superchrome completion tubing •
- LWD for formation evaluation .
- E-line fluid samples for H<sub>2</sub>S analysis .



<sup>\*</sup>contingent

26″

20″

133/8"

**9**7⁄8″

\*75/8"

5″

### **Operational Outcome**

#### Base Case Plan

Drill entire reservoir section in 8-1/2"

#### Reality

#### 8-1/2"

- Challenging hole conditions whilst drilling interval containing HC bearing secondaries
- GR/RES/NEU/DEN/DTC acquired on LWD in real-time
- Wireline samples cancelled
- 7-5/8" liner set above primary reservoir

#### 6-1/2"

- LWD (GR/RES real-time & N/D memory not possible as NEU/DEN sensor was not available
- Ran LWD GR/RES real-time with plan to secure missing data with Eline on TD
- Reservoir presence, column height & TD defined in real-time by LWD
- Eline logging operations cancelled following 2 failed attempts
- Proceeded to running the 5" liner

#### 4.05" Cased Hole

- Cased hole programme put in place to satisfy requirement for porosity data
- Hydrocarbon sampling performed from production stream at surface
  - H<sub>2</sub>S in line with field average
- Budgeted days 74%
- Budgeted gross cost 83%



### **Geological Outcome**

- Hydrocarbon bearing primary reservoir; 900ft in Joanne Sandstone, 1,042ft in the structure
  - Equivalent to a Predrill P69 hydrocarbon column
- Reservoir quality in line with pre-drill expectations [cased hole sonic & neutron]
- Hydrocarbon bearing secondary reservoirs; 120ft Pentland and 90ft Josephine
  - Static properties compare favorably to offsets
  - Perforation candidate for later in well life.



### **Reservoir Characteristics**



### **J13 Performance**

- J13 despite the smaller hydrocarbon column vs. J12z, is expected to outperform it
- Ahead of budgeted P50 rate
- Initial results show that J13 is behaving more on trend with the early Jade wells

Initial J13 Gas Rate vs. Budget (Separator)





### Conclusion

### **Key Outcomes**

- J13 is the longest step out HPHT well in the UKCS
- Executed safely & ahead of budget
- Total well days vs. feet drilled was P25 outcome versus Rushmore data base
- Despite P69 HC column outcome, well performance in line with Pre-drill P50 expectations
- H2S in line with field average

### Learnings

- Built capacity in extended reach drilling
  - Potential to unlock future near field opportunities
- Effective methodology for defining column height range
- Outcome demonstrates need for multiple data acquisition contingencies

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